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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/081,773	02/20/2002	Neville Jayaratne	1804	2686	
24264	7590 02/28/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
TIMOTHY J MARTIN, PC			SERROU, ABDELALI		
9250 W 5TH AVENUE SUITE 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LAKEWOOD, CO 80226			2654		
			DATE MAIL ED: 02/28/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/081,773	JAYARATNE, NEVILLE				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
*	Abdelali Serrou	2654				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Etensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (8) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the pend of reply specified above, its ess that thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply septided above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (8) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply within the set or extended period for reply will be able to extended period for reply will be able to extended period for reply will be able SIX. Cs. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. Sea 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Feb.	20, 2002.					
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on 20 February 2002 is/are: a) accepted or b) dijected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94b) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent (s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date August. 02, 2002.	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office		***************************************				

Office Action Summary Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20050204 PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Application/Control Number: 10/081,773

Art Unit: 2654

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

- 1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - Page 10 line 4, number (101) appears unnecessary and should be deleted;
 - Page 10 line 14, number (105) should be (205);

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 6, 10, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being
 indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which
 applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. As per claim 6 (line 2, 3), claim 10 (line 5, 6), and claim 13 (line 3), the phrase "or the like" renders the claims indefinite because the claims include elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "or the like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claims unascertainable. See MPEP 8 2173.05(d).

Application/Control Number: 10/081,773 Page 3

Art Unit: 2654

5. As per claim 14, wherein said processing of the voice to text conversion and/or text

translation and/or the text to voice conversion is by switching between a speed of a voice phrase

of about 2 seconds to the megahertz switching of the central processing unit (cpu), the language

is vague and indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of programment (1) (2), and (4) of reaction 374(c) of this title before the invention

has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999

(AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002

do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an

international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the

reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA

35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

7. Claims 1, 3-6, 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Saindon

et al.

Application/Control Number: 10/081,773

Art Unit: 2654

8. As per claims 1, 4, and 11, Saindon et al. teach a method and a system for audio

processing that disclose a voice receiver (microphone, column 6, line 6), a voice-to-text (speech-

Page 4

to-text) converter (Figure 6), a text-to-text spoken language converter for receiving a first

language and translating to a second selected language (Language Translator, Figure 6), and a

voice emitter for emitting the voice output (text to speech, column 10, line 7, 8) wherein the

system performs as a Multilanguage conversation translator (the speech or text can be translated

into one or more different languages, column 1, line 53, 54) having dual voice paths operated by

one or more sound cards and software implied by "the processor has a dedicated sound card for

each of the encoders", (column 18, line 9, 10).

9. As per claim 3 Saindon et al. teach a translation and audio processing that is attached to a

telephone system (phone call-ins, column 2, line 35).

10. As per claims 5, 6, and 12 Saindon et al. teach a "conference bridge" (column 10, line 37)

that receives, translate and replays information from and to a plurality of locations (the

conference bridge may contain one or more devices that allow information from different

sources to be received simultaneously or at different times, column 14, lines 29-32), and receives

feedback from users at the same time (the method further comprises the step of receiving

feedback information from a viewer, column 4, lines 18-20). Therefore, it is inherent that the

system used discloses, in some way, two sounds paths. Furthermore, Saindon et al. disclose a

processor that has more then one information encoder, and each encoder has a dedicated sound

card (column 18, line 10, 11).

Application/Control Number: 10/081,773 Page 5

Art Unit: 2654

11.

As per claim 13, wherein processing of the voice to text conversion and/or text translation and/or the text to voice conversion, Saindon et al. teach the use of parallel processing

as shown in figure 1, and teach also, the use of both a CPU (column 5, line 42) and sound cards

(column 15, line 11).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, and 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saindon et al.

13. As per claim 2, in addition to the teaching enclosed above, Saindon et al. for the purpose

of their invention, teach the use of "a computer" (Abstract). However, the examiner takes

official notice that is years old and notoriously well known to have portable computers, so as to

facilitate carrying them. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in

the art at the time of the invention to have a portable device to use while walking or performing

other activities

Application/Control Number: 10/081,773 Page 6

Art Unit: 2654

14. As per claim 7, in addition to the argument used to reject claim 2, Saindon et al. teach a

system "a conference bridge" (column 14, line 36) that is used in "an interactive talk show"

(column 14, line 37) wherein multimedia information from the moderator and the participant of

the show is transmitted to viewers and viewers can also send their information (audio

information) to the show through the conference bridge (column 14 lines 36-44). Therefore it is

inherent that the system used discloses at least two voice receivers, two voice to text converters.

one text to text spoken language converter, two text to voice converters, and two voice emitters.

15. As per claim 10, Saindon et al. teach a system that receives a first voice in a first

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language and translates it to other languages (audio is converted to text and the text translated into one or more desired languages, column 12, lines 42, 43) and emits the translated voice

(translated audio), (Column 12, lines 46,47) apparently simultaneously as in the case of the "life

call-in, comments and question" (column 14, lines 19, 20).

16. As per claims 8, Saindon et al. teach, as mentioned above in claims 5, 6, and 12 a system

that can establishes a dialogue (takes information message from one part and the feedback from

the other part) which means that the lag time between receiving, processing, and emitting

information is accomplished in a reasonable amount of time.

17. As per claim 9, saindon et al. teach a text-to-speech converter (Figure 1) that simulates

and emit the voice in the form of phrases such a sentence or a part of a sentence (column 13,

lines 13-21).

Art Unit: 2654

Conclusion

18- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Franz et al. (U.S 6, 356, 865) teach a method and apparatus for performing the translation of a spoken source language to a target language. Obuchi et al (US 6,789,093) teach a system and associated methods to receive an incoming telephone call from a user, perform translation of the information received, and outputting it, in audio, on the incoming telephone call.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abdelali Serrou whose telephone number is 703-305-0513. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Talivaldis Smits can be reached on 703-306-3011. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Abdelali Serrou 02/04/2005 Art Unit: 2654

RICHEMOND DORVIL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER